

Ana Cristina Bugalho Oliveira Rodrigues Costa

**Glucose-induced Regulation of Na,K-ATPase activity in pancreatic  $\beta$ -cells in the presence and absence of intolerance to the nutrient**

**PhD Thesis**

**(J.M. Cruz Morais & C.M. Antunes, supervisors)**

4 Jun 2012

Na,K-ATPase is responsible for the maintenance of plasma membrane gradients of  $K^+$  and  $Na^+$ . It has been suggested that glucose contributes to the regulation of Na,K-ATPase activity in pancreatic  $\beta$ -cell. However, the physiological role of glucose-induced regulation of Na,K-ATPase activity and the mechanisms underlying its effect have not been clarified yet.

The main objective of this work was to investigate the effect of glucose on Na,K-ATPase activity in pancreatic  $\beta$ -cell, in the presence and absence of intolerance to glucose.

It was concluded that, in control rats, glucose induced an inhibition of Na,K-ATPase activity and that AMPK and PKC may play a role in the cascade of events underlying glucose-evoked regulation of the pump. In intolerant rats glucose-induced Na,K-ATPase activity regulation was impaired. Moreover, a differential pattern of isoenzymatic distribution and dysfunctions of the cascade of events evoked by glucose in pancreatic  $\beta$ -cell from intolerant rats are both contributing for this impairment.